



FRIDAY EVENING, AUG. 22, 1902

THOSE, if there be any, who really believe that the republicans, if they are continued in power, will revise the present high tariff laws will soon find out how egregiously fooled they have been. Many republicans admit that the tariff should be revised—but "by its friends" and when it suits them, which means never. This is too plain not to be understood. Mr. Cannon, chairman of the House committee on appropriations, said in Washington on Wednesday: "The tariff will be revised some time, but not at the next session of Congress or by the succeeding Congress unless there is a check to the present prosperity. I do not think it will be necessary to give much attention to this question in the present campaign." This is pretty conclusive but the utterances of other prominent republicans show that they are of one mind in regard to the tariff. While protesting in his recent speech at Morrisville, Vermont, that he has never opposed repeal of the tariff, Secretary Shaw took good care to show why revision of the Dingley rates should be indefinitely postponed. His plea for procrastination so exactly fits in with the policy of the prohibitory tariff and trust organs that they cannot praise him enough. What Secretary Shaw says, in effect, is that, so long as the sentiment that demands the reduction of the tariff on this or that article is confined to "certain localities" and is not universal, the present duties must stand. Just how many persons it takes to make "a sentiment in certain localities" he does not make clear. It might fairly be assumed, for anything he says to the contrary, that the directors of the steel trust, and not the millions of consumers, are to be the sole judges of how high the duties on steel and iron shall be, and how long they shall be maintained. When the steel trust says, "Let the duties be light," they shall be light, and not before, according to the notion of the Secretary of the Treasury. It is the protected interests, and they alone, who shall decide whether or not and in what respect the tariff shall be modified, and if the people wait for relief from this source they will wait in vain.

**PRESIDENT PALMA**, of Cuba, has never been considered a very able man and it is generally believed that he was elected to office at the instigation of the republican leaders in the United States, to do their bidding. But he has just shown his sense and interest in the country over which he rules by opposing the \$35,000,000 loan which his Congress proposes to float. The revolutionary element has been clamoring for the payment of the Cuban army and saw in this loan the only means to bring about the payment. They have everything to gain but nothing to lose if the loan is made, but Palma has interposed and says:

"I am opposed to trying to float a large loan until the administration can establish the fact that it can run the government economically, and end its first year's experience with a surplus. I appreciate the fact that we have not established any credit and that we cannot expect to borrow money advantageously now. The budget has not yet been made up, and until this is done it would be folly to go on the market for a large loan."

It is stated, and alleged to be founded upon inside information, that the great moneyed interests of the country have reached that stage where they thing they most desire is no congressional legislation of any sort; that they believe the surest way to bring about a realization of their desire is to have the House democratic and the Senate republican, and that they will, therefore, take no hand in this fall's campaign, either in the way of influencing votes or putting up money for campaign expenses. This, of course, is an admission on the part of the moneyed interests that the democrats will carry the next House, unless the elections are bought, and also shows that a deplorable state of political affairs exists in this country.

**THE PRESIDENT**, it is said, believes that the republican party in the South can be raised into a respectability which it has not hitherto enjoyed. He has summoned to Oyster Bay during the summer many of the most prominent republicans of the South, and has imparted his views to them with emphasis. But the President himself is doing nothing toward raising his party in this section into respectability. His White House dinners, his appointment of objectionable colored men to prominent offices in the South against the earnest protest of the white people and his Decoration Day speeches will not induce many respectable men in the South to assist in elevating his party.

A JUDGE in Newport News has decided that a man has a right to whip his wife under certain circumstances. Archie McGregor, an iron-worker, was charged with beating his wife while the latter was under the influence of liquor. Mrs.

McGregor was severely reprimanded by the court, and her husband was commended for beating her. What is fair for one should also be for the other. If a man has the right to whip his better-half for drunkenness, the woman should be commended for using a broomstick on an inebriated husband.

It has been decided in the Massachusetts Superior Court that an owner of real estate may recover damage for noise occasioned by the operation of a railway near his premises. If railroad companies were held liable for noises made by locomotives and trains in this city, their net earnings would be considerably reduced, but if the individuals who operate the trains were fined for causing unnecessary noises, comparative quiet would prevail in many localities, where now bedlam frequently reigns.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

Washington, D. C., August 22.

Officials of the Navy Department are in absolute ignorance of the progress of the war game of the New England coast, except as it learned through the press dispatches. Nothing has been heard of the whereabouts of Commander Pillsbury's white squadron, nor has any official communication been received from Admiral Higginson, of the blues, further than acknowledgment of his receipt of the orders governing the contest. The opinion still prevails in the naval circles that Pillsbury cannot possibly win under ordinary weather conditions and that the chances are greatly against him even in the event of fog or heavy weather. The whites have until Monday noon in which to come to anchor in some unfortified port between Portland and Cape Cod.

Manila mail brings intelligence of the activity of insurgents in the mountainous districts of Tabaco, Malinao and Tivi, in Albay province. The natives number 300 and the native constabulary is out daily. At Bantayan six natives were killed and three Chinos carried off. A constable at Malinao was captured and his arms and legs were cut off. The American soldiers report that they are unable to get any aid from the natives, not even guides being furnished.

A special order has been issued from headquarters of the District of Columbia militia authorizing the naval battalion to take a short cruise on the Potomac river. The men will embark on the U. S. S. Fern at 12 o'clock noon tomorrow and are under orders to disembark at the wharf here not later than 6 a. m., next Monday morning.

The case of assault with intent to kill preferred against J. Roland Johnson, who yesterday afternoon shot Maj. G. A. Ames, was not heard today as expected. On account of some misunderstanding none of the parties to the affair appeared in the court at the hour such cases are usually called. When the case is called tomorrow Johnson will waive a preliminary examination which will result in his being held for the action of the grand jury.

Charles Collins, an itinerant painter and worker at odd jobs in Montgomery county, Md., has inherited \$10,000 through the death of James Robinson, a wealthy uncle, who lived in this city.

James Thomas, employed as a houseman at the Raleigh Hotel, was caught between the elevator and the elevator shaft door on the eleventh floor of the hotel today and badly mangled.

**NEARING AN END.**—The significant activity at several of the Pennsylvania mines yesterday indicates that the operators believe that the time is almost at hand when they can expect many desertions from the ranks of the strikers. During the last few days at many of the collieries in different parts of the region coal has been produced and breakers run for a short time. The officials state that they are merely testing the machinery, and this in itself is evidence that they expect to use it shortly. The fact that J. P. Morgan has announced his intention of not interfering with the situation will cause much loss of strength in the strikers' ranks, the operators believe, because many of the men who relied upon Mr. Morgan to end the strike have now no hope left, unless President Mitchell returns from Chicago with news that there will be a larger strike fund than is at present received, and this is by no means certain. The fact that he went out there in an endeavor to make arrangements with the operators to deduct the \$1 weekly from the wages of the men, and according to President Fowler, of the Ontario and Western Railroad, failed to do so, has shaken the confidence of the men in the ability of the union to provide for them. The operators believe that as soon as this fact is generally known there will be wholesale desertions from the ranks of the strikers.

**DEATH OF HARRY C. TINSLEY.**—Mr. Harry C. Tinsley died in Staunton yesterday. He was born in Richmond, April, 1833, and when quite young became associated with the Richmond Dispatch. He continued this association until sometime after the war began, when he joined the Richmond Howitzers and served as private until the close of hostilities. He then became the Richmond correspondent of the Associated Press. After a year or two he gave that up and went to New York, where for some time he was connected with Fernando Wood in the newspaper business. Mr. Tinsley's love for Virginia brought him back to the Richmond Dispatch for several years. About 1870 he went to Staunton and took charge as editor-in-chief of the *Vindicator* and only gave up his position as such a few years ago when compelled by ill health. Mr. Tinsley was a brilliant journalist and possessed a fund of humor rarely excelled. Since his retirement from active work Mr. Tinsley had still kept in touch with the world of letters, and many choice articles have appeared under the nom de plume of "Old Man," "P. Boy" or "Veteran." Mr. Tinsley never married.

J. W. Crawford, of Metuchen, reported to the police of Newark, N. J., today that burglars had forced an entrance into his house about 3 o'clock this morning, and after rifling bureau and drawers in the rooms where members of the family were asleep, departed with jewelry valued at nearly \$5,000. The burglars were heard as they were leaving the house, but made their escape.

During a dispute over the gathering of coal at Ashland, Pa., last night, John Myers shot Abraham Jewell in the stomach, causing an injury which will result in the latter's death. Both men are strikers.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

It is now intimated that Robert Reading Remington did not die by his own hand at Newport on Monday last, as reported, but that he had been murdered. The story is ridiculed in Newport.

The triangular contests in the new Eighth Mississippi district, for Congress, between John Sharp Williams, Patrick Henry and Charles E. Hooker, ended last night in a sweeping victory for Congressman Williams.

Announcement of the intention of the French government to send M. Jean A. Jussier as ambassador to the United States to succeed M. Jules Cambon has been received at the State Department, and in reply the French government has been informed of the acceptance of M. Jussier.

"Mother" Jones, well known throughout the Pennsylvania mining districts, was a visitor at the national headquarters of the United Mine Workers of America yesterday. She said: "The wives of the miners will march on Washington if the strike is not settled by next winter. We will shake them up down there. We will have a popular congress there when the Congress is in session." "Mother" Jones is going east from Milwaukee, where she has been speaking. She said that she was under the orders of Secretary Wilson. He said she would go to Charleston and points in the Kanawha river country in West Virginia. "We are waiting to see what Mr. Morgan is going to do," Mr. Wilson said.

## WHITES AND BLACKS CLASH.

Six persons seriously shot and a number injured is the reported result of a race riot now in progress in the south end of Lee county, near Shannon, Miss. Three negroes and three whites are badly injured and others probably more or less so. This is the result of a race riot precipitated by a secret organization of negroes in firing upon and wounding the Eubank brothers while on their own premises. The shooting occurred Tuesday noon after dark. Poses in pursuit had a lively encounter with the negroes six miles south of Shannon Wednesday afternoon, when more or less shooting was done. One white man and three negroes were badly wounded and several more negroes were slightly hurt. Other poses are in pursuit and the affair is not yet over. Deputy Sheriff Temple has just reached Tupelo with eight desperadoes bound with chains under a heavy guard. He reports 500 men under arms and says great excitement prevails. The officer took the train at Nettleton and had great difficulty in getting away with the prisoners. For some months negroes at Shannon and Nettleton have been giving considerable trouble, secret societies being formed under the guidance of a former school teacher or preacher. These organizations are said to be for the purpose of resisting the whites and protecting negroes in deeds of lawlessness. The alleged instigator of the serious outbreaks of the last few hours is a negro preacher named Jeff Rogers. He has been held under suspicion by the whites for some time as a bad character. He is a negro of some education, and has considerable influence in his church. The first serious trouble broke out some time ago, when a negro named (Giles Jackson assaulted the Lauderdale in a corn field, and seriously wounded him. About a month ago this negro died in the county jail from wounds inflicted while resisting arrest. A few days ago a negro was seen taking corn from a field belonging to Mr. Eubanks, who lives close to Shannon, and when spoken to about it he became insolent and defiant and a warrant was sworn out for his arrest. On Tuesday evening a son of Eubanks, living just across the road, noticed a number of negroes congregated around his home. He supposed they meant to attack his home, and he crossed the road and joined his father and younger brother. Shortly after Eubanks went to his father's house a command to fire was given and a volley rang out from the guns carried by the negroes. Both of the younger Eubanks were hit and badly wounded. After the shooting of the Eubanks brothers the whites immediately organized themselves into an armed posse to bring the guilty negroes to justice. Wednesday headed by Marshal Randolph, of Nettleton, and Marshal Irbry, of Shannon, this posse went after two members of the negro mob, who were supposed to be hiding in a cabin about six miles from Shannon. The posse, on reaching the cabin, ordered the door opened, but the command was unheeded. After waiting a moment, Randolph pushed the door open. He was met with a volley of birdshot and fell across the threshold with blood gushing from his face and shoulders. The negroes ran out of the house over the prostrate officer. They were met by a volley from the posse. Three negroes were injured so badly that they were left lying on the ground. The others escaped in the darkness, some leaving behind traces of their wounds. A deputy has returned to Tupelo from Shannon, and reports everything quiet there now.

During the shooting affray early yesterday morning between white and colored troops at Fort Assiniboine, Montana, Private Fraylor, of the Twenty-fourth Infantry, was shot, and is expected to die, and Private Pog, white, of the Thirtieth Cavalry, was shot, and may not recover. The soldiers were dancing in a concert hall, the whites on one side and the blacks on the other. Fraylor drew his revolver and fired into the air during an altercation, and Pog replied, four shots taking effect in Fraylor's body. At a late hour both men were in a serious condition.

**DESTRUCTIVE STORM.**—Late Wednesday afternoon Pima, Ill., was struck by a violent storm, cyclonic in force. It was followed by a cloudburst, deluging the streets. The steeple of a Catholic church, 125 feet high, was blown down and laid across the principal thoroughfare, and the steeple of the Baptist Church was almost carried away. The Y. M. C. A. building, which cost \$25,000, was badly damaged. The two leading hotels of the city, the St. James and the Flint, were unroofed and the houses flooded. Over two inches of rain fell in a half hour. Several business houses were also unroofed, including the Union Block, the finest in the city. Reports from Millersville indicate that the village was practically destroyed. Telephone and telegraph lines are down in every direction, and it is impossible to get accurate information as to the damage done.

## DOES IT PAY TO BUY CHEAP?

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible; if not possible for you, then in either case take the ONLY remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Bochee's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try one bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. You can get Dr. G. G. Green's reliable remedies at E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, Alexandria, Va. Get Green's Special Almanac.

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

Mr. Benjamin Tavenner died at his home near Mountain Gap, Loudoun county, Thursday last, aged 74 years.

The Grand Lodge of the I. O. G. T. of Virginia will meet in Waterford, Loudoun county, on Tuesday, September 2 at 8 o'clock p. m. and continue for two days.

Col. Fletcher Harris Archer died at his home in Petersburg yesterday, aged 85 years. He was a distinguished Mexican and Confederate veteran, an able lawyer and a former mayor of Petersburg.

There was a reunion of Confederate soldiers on Wednesday at Oakland, Prince William county, by the Eighth Virginia Chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy. Poems were recited by Dr. H. M. Clarkson and Col. Edmund Berkeley. Refreshments were sold for the benefit of disabled and sick soldiers. A large number of veterans attended.

A cutting affray occurred in Danville yesterday, in which Charles Stanley, an employe of the Southern Railway, was seriously cut by Luther Clarke, of that city. It is alleged that Stanley was the aggressor and that Clarke acted in self defense. The wound is in the vicinity of the heart and about three inches long and half an inch deep.

Mr. George D. Gray died at his home in Culpeper yesterday. A few weeks ago Mr. Gray met with an unfortunate accident, breaking his arm. This was a severe shock to his system, and although the fracture responded to treatment, other complications arose, which caused his death. He was the Nestor of the Culpeper bar and was about seventy-three years old. He leaves a widow and two daughters.

Hon. John Goode, president of the Virginia Constitutional Convention, in an interview at Bedford City last night, in reply to the declaration of John S. Wise, that the constitution is a nullity before the law, declared that he had no fear of its validity. He says it will stand every test of the courts. He calls attention to the fact that the convention was called by a vote of the people not to propose a new constitution, but to revise and amend that already existing.

## VIRGINIA REPUBLICANS.

A letter from Washington says: "Mr. Roosevelt's comments on conditions in Virginia are well-deserved. The leaders of the Virginia republicans are personally gentlemen of the highest type, but their leadership of the party has time and again invited the sharpest criticism. Their policy of declining to even put a ticket in the field and refusing to encourage a campaign by men who were willing to make the fight in face of possible defeat has brought down upon them condemnation from leaders in other sections of the country which has in many cases been thoroughly merited. Indeed, a contest made by a republican candidate for Congress brought out during a hot debate in the House of Representatives a few years ago the charge from Representative Hull, who was then vice chairman of the republican congressional committee, that republican candidates who persisted in making the fight in opposition to the plan of the State leaders had to fear the secret enmity of the republican leaders as well as the open opposition of their democratic opponents. The opposition of the Virginia leaders to putting a State ticket in the field five years ago will be well remembered, and it was the indignant protest of The American and other republican newspapers that encouraged the loyal republicans of the State to meet at Lynchburg and nominate a full State ticket, headed by Capt. Pat McCullum. This year the leaders are again pursuing their favorite policy of declining to fight, and it has already been announced that Representative Flood, in the Tenth district, is to have no republican opposition. This policy of cowardly surrender must stop if the present leaders are to hold their places. President Roosevelt admires a fighter, and the present leaders will soon see themselves superseded by more energetic men if they persist in claiming that it is useless to make a fight with no hope of victory. Mr. Roosevelt believes that the republican party in the South has a splendid chance for growth if good men are put at the head of its organization and a good fight is put up with the present leaders. At all events, he proposes that the present leaders shall no longer divide out the leaves and fishes every four years unless they show a disposition to get into the boat and pull at the oars.

**ADVANCE IN CEREALS.**—The Chicago board of trade grain markets were in a state of excitement yesterday forenoon. The most sensational feature of the business was a rise of nearly 5 cents a bushel in the price of corn for next month's delivery. Wheat and oats were also sensationally higher. A rise of 5 cents a bushel in corn may appear a trifling increase in its value to the householders who think of corn only in connection with table use, but when applied to outstanding contracts for delivery in September of say 50,000,000 bushels, a 5 cent rise in price means a gain of \$2,500,000 in the aggregate to those who have bought it, and of course, just that much loss to those who have sold it short. September corn, which was worth 52 7/8 cents a bushel Wednesday morning, was up to 57 3/4 cents before 12 o'clock. It closed at 57 cents. The immediate cause of the advance was the scarcity of the commodity. There are more than 2,500,000,000 bushels of corn slowly ripening in the fields, but not enough coming in from the old deficient crop to supply the daily requirements of the country. Ordinarily at this season of the year Chicago would be receiving 1,000 carloads a day. Yesterday morning only forty-five cars were received at Chicago, thirty cars being the estimate for today. Wednesday only thirteen carloads came to hand.

## PEACE PREVAILS.

Lansford, Pa., Aug. 22.—Following the funeral of their comrade, Sharpe, the miners of Panther Creek Valley returned to their homes with commendable order. It is generally believed that the stay of the troops here will be very short, possibly until the close of the week. A movement has been started among the friends of Patrick Sharpe to erect a monument over his grave, to be purchased by popular subscription. The examination into the matter and cause of his death will be commenced by Carbon county authorities today. The soldiers enjoyed a quite night last night. At Shenandoah the usual order of peace prevails.

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

## THE NAVAL MANOEUVERS.

Rockport, Mass., Aug. 22.—The battleships Kearsage, Massachusetts and Alabama remain in line east of Thatcher's Islands. The scout boats are still at sea, and early this morning the bay was almost clear of vessels. At 9:30 this morning a thick haze settled over the shore and town. This was only a land fog, however, and is now lifting, so that Commander Pillsbury's chances of breaking through the defending line of war vessels without the knowledge of Admiral Higginson are again reduced to the minimum.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 22.—There was a dense fog this morning early during which a warship could be distinctly heard outside blowing her fog signal and apparently proceeding further to sea. The ships cannot be identified for heavy banks of fog hangs over the sea outside.

Meriden, Conn., Aug. 22.—President Roosevelt and party arrived here on time at 3 p. m. The drive through the city is now in progress.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 22.—There is no trace of Commander Pillsbury's attacking fleet up to 1:30 p. m. The mysterious craft sighted off the Isles of Shoals last night, was chased by the Dacatur and proved to be a light house tender. Higginson's fleet kept a bright outlook all night.

## THE MINERS.

Charleston, W. Va., Aug. 22.—News from the New River coal field is more assuring. No firing upon guards and miners has occurred since Tuesday night. The working force is being increased daily by the accession of new men from Virginia.

New York, Aug. 22.—Coal operators here assert that President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers will be wasting time and car fare if he comes to New York with the intention of conferring with the operators. "There will be no conference between the coal operators and Mitchell," said Treasurer Walker of the Delaware & Hudson today. "We have nothing to arbitrate. Of course, as Mitchell says, he would be glad to meet any committee that has for its purpose the settlement of the strike. He has everything to gain and nothing to lose by such a course. 'He has held the men out this long by promising that J. Pierpont Morgan would end the strike on his return from abroad. Mr. Morgan has returned; has declared that he will not interfere in the matter, and the men are ready to rebel against their chosen leader.'"

## MR. BRYAN'S FORECAST.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 22.—"Like Babylon of old, the United States is destined to have its fall, with the republican party in the role of Belshazzar the responsible factor in its undoing." This is the pessimistic prediction of William J. Bryan, who warns government leaders that there will be a dismal awakening if national policies are not changed. In his Commonwealth of today Mr. Bryan says: "Just now the republicans are rushing headlong into new conditions, and are leading the country in untried paths. They are sure that we can maintain a republic here and at the same time administer a colony in the Orient. They are sure that they can safely encourage the growth of private monopoly notwithstanding the inevitable tendency of man to use power for his own selfish purposes. They are allowing United States judges to abuse the writ of injunction when asked against laboring men, while those who violate the anti-trust laws go free, blind to the fact that such discrimination makes more anarchists than all speeches delivered by Herr Most."

## A WILLFUL SOVEREIGN

Madrid, Aug. 22.—King Alfonso continues to give the dignitaries and nobility of Spain palpitation of the heart by his eccentricities and willful actions. His majesty has disregarded all the proposals of his counselors that he marry a European princess. He has announced his intention of wedding the daughter of some South American capitalist, and has instructed the representatives of the Spanish crown in South America to forward him full details of millionaires' eligible daughters. The King has thrown a bombshell into the ranks of the nobility by stating his intention of dissolving the grand order of the Annunciate, the oldest order in Spain, and substituting for it the new order of Alfonso the Thirteenth.

## BEGINS HIS NEW ENGLAND TOUR

New Haven, Conn., Aug. 22.—For the second time in a year President Roosevelt visited this city today. Though he was to stay but an hour, elaborate preparations were made to receive him. Much regret was expressed that he would make no speech while here. His programme consisted of a drive through the principal streets of the city between 1:30, the hour of his arrival, and 2:30, the time of his departure on the special train for his trip through New England.

A dispatch from New Haven, Conn., says: The Syllab with President Roosevelt and party arrived at Bell Dock at 1:20 this afternoon. The party at once landed and prepared for the trip through the city.

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## A REMARKABLE OCCURRENCE.

Austin, Texas, Aug. 22.—A letter received here from San Nicolas, Mexico, states that a few days ago near that place a fissure about two miles long and more than 300 feet wide suddenly appeared in the side of the mountain, causing the greatest alarm among inhabitants. One person fell into the opening and was killed and a number of others received serious injuries. The opening is of unfathomable depth. The government has appointed a commission of scientists to investigate.

## ATTEMPT TO DISCOURAGE EXHIBITORS.

Berlin, Aug. 22.—The Tagblatt, today, attempts to dissuade German industrial leaders from exhibiting at the St. Louis Exposition. The paper says in part: "All special branches of industry, such as electricians, are weary of exhibiting. American protectionists render German business there impossible. There is even imminent danger of the breaking down of the American prosperity, and Germans should not go on such uncertain ground."

## ACCIDENT ON A RATTLESHIP.

Rockport, Mass., Aug. 22.—A fatal accident occurred on board the Kearsage, the flagship of Admiral Higginson's defending squadron at anchor off Thatcher's Island today, which resulted in the killing of two seamen and the injury of three others, one of whom may die. The accident was caused by the breaking of the davit ropes as one of the ship's heavy boats was being hoisted on board. The ropes gave way and the boat fell on a number of seamen.

## POSTOFFICE ROBBERED.

Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 22.—News reached here this morning of the robbery of the post-office at Stuttgart, Ark., last night, by a gang of masked men. Six hundred dollars in money, \$600 in stamps, and a number of registered letters and the watch of the deputy postmaster was secured. The deputy was locking up the office preparatory to winding up his day's business, when he was suddenly covered with revolvers, bound and gagged by several masked men and made to hand over the goods.

## TREASURE UNEARTHED.

Uvalde, Mex., Aug. 22.—A party of fifteen Mexicans has unearthed at Cline Canon, a vault which, when opened, revealed a great pile of Spanish gold coins. The money was counted and divided on the spot in the presence of several reputable citizens of the neighborhood. The latter say that the find amounted to more than \$100,000. It is asserted that the money was buried by a paymaster of the Mexican army during the war with Texas.

## FOREIGN NEWS.

The municipal council of Forli, in central Italy, has decided to sell its art gallery and build a hospital with the proceeds.

The French Colonial Office has offered the Boer delegates in Europe special advantages to induce them to encourage the Boers, in South Africa, to migrate to Madagascar.

Admiral von Diederichs, who was recently appointed Chief Admiral on the staff of the German navy, has resigned the position. Vice Admiral Bueschel will succeed him.

The Duchess Margaria, the future queen of Wurtemberg, was this morning successfully operated upon at Gmund. The nature of the operation has not been made public.

The Paris Foreign Office today confirmed the report that M. Jussier, at present French minister at Copenhagen, will succeed M. Jules Cambon, as French Ambassador at Washington.

The Mittags Zeitung, of Vienna, today states that King Alexander of Serbia, realizing that he cannot expect children of his own, has determined to adopt a peasant boy as his successor to the throne.

Arrangements had been made in Paris to send the bodies of Charles L. Fair and his wife to Cherbourg for transportation to the ship when a hitch in the formalities occurred at the last moment which caused a postponement of the arrangements.

The manager of Rita's Hotel, in Paris, who has charge of the details of the funeral of Charles L. Fair and his wife, denies that the bodies will be secretly shipped to the United States today. He says the necessary administrative details are still incomplete.

It is reported in London that Cecil Rhodes bequeathed to the Countess of Warwick South African lands valued at \$1,000,000. The Countess has for some years been interested in philanthropic work, especially the establishment of industrial schools.

While Sir Thomas Lipton was riding in his automobile at Wood Green, near London, today, the machine skidded and crashed into an iron railing. Lipton was badly shaken up but was not hurt. The car was completely wrecked, and the railing broken.

While the Sultan of Morocco was autoing near Fez, today, his chauffeur lost control of the machine, which turned and dashed into a stone wall. The machine was not going at great speed at the time, and to this fact the Sultan owes his life. He was badly shaken and scared.

A dispatch from Constantinople says that Izza Bey, the second secretary for foreign correspondence, today called on U. S. Minister Leishman, and promised the settlement of all pending American claims.

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## DRY GOODS.

## LANSBURGH &amp; BRO.,

Washington's Favorite Store.

Until further notice, our store will close at 5 p. m.—Saturdays excepted.

## Bargains.

Just a handful of specials for one day only; seasonable offerings at saving prices.

A lot of English Galatea, Khaki Cloth, Pongee Suits, Linen Grenadines, etc. These materials are shrunken and colors are fast. Value, 50c. For one day just 25c.

50-inch All-wool Thibet and Melton Cloth, colors blue, browns, grays, and black, requires no lining. Sold regularly at \$1.50. Special for one day, yard..... 98c

25 dozen size 20x40 Fine Quality Hemstitched German Huck Towels. Regular 20c. values. For one day only. 15c each.....

## Silk Remnants.

Lot No. 1 consists of Colored Taffeta Silks, in lengths from 4 to 10 yards. For yard 29c

Lot No. 2 consists of assorted Silks, in lengths from 4 to 12 yards. Not one of these sold for less than 85c. a yard. For, 49c yard.....

## Lansburgh &amp; Bro.,

420 to 426 Seventh Street,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

the constitutional convention have been put upon the list of those engaged in gambling, but Rev. Samuel Christian is the first preacher to be caught in the net which the police have spread.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

The total number of deaths in the explosion of the Delaware Pulp Works, at Wilmington will number 17.

A note signed H. E. Boteler, found beside the lake at Clifton Park, Baltimore, seems to indicate that a man of this name had committed suicide here.

"Jack" Joyner, the horse-trainer, has signed a contract to train the yearlings of Sidney Paget. He will receive \$20,000 a year, the highest price ever paid to a trainer.

Wm. Haffner, a farmer, living in Wisconsin made a bet that he could eat fifty roasted ears of corn. He did so and twenty-four hours afterward he died in great agony.

Mayor Knight has issued a proclamation to the citizens of Buffalo, calling upon them to observe appropriately the first anniversary of the death of President McKinley in Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 14th.

A score of the Quantrell band survivors began their annual reunion at Independence, Mo., today. Thirty-nine years ago yesterday the band burned Lawrence, Kansas, and killed 200 citizens.

Samuel Pryor, founder of Pryor's Band, and father of Arthur Pryor, the celebrated trombonist, with Sousa, died in St. Joseph, Mo., this morning, from gastric disease. At the request of the dying bandmaster, his musicians played a number of lively airs while he was expiring.

John Stein, from Rock Point, Md., reported to the police today that he had been robbed of his coat, vest, shoes and \$8 in cash while in a disreputable house